## BRIBING A WITNESS (Influencing Testimony) Penal Law § 215.00(a) (Committed on or after Sept. 1, 1967)

The (*specify*) count is Bribing a Witness.

Under our law, a person is guilty of Bribing a Witness when that person confers, or offers or agrees to confer, any benefit upon a witness or a person about to be called as a witness in any action or proceeding upon an agreement or understanding that the testimony of such witness will thereby be influenced.

The following terms used in that definition have a special meaning:

BENEFIT means any gain or advantage to the beneficiary and includes any gain or advantage to a third person pursuant to the desire or consent of the beneficiary.<sup>1</sup>

AGREEMENT means a mutual agreement between a witness and a person who confers, or offers or agrees to confer, any benefit upon such witness, that such witness's testimony in an action or proceeding will thereby be influenced.<sup>2</sup>

UNDERSTANDING means at least a unilateral perception or belief by a person that a witness's testimony in an action or proceeding will be influenced by that person's conferring, offering to confer, or agreeing to confer a benefit upon that witness.<sup>3</sup>

In order for you to find the defendant guilty of this crime, the People are required to prove, from all the evidence in the case, beyond a reasonable doubt, each of the following three

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Penal Law § 10.00(17).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cf. People v. Tran, 80 N.Y.2d 170 (1992) (defining "agreement or understanding" in context of bribing a public servant).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Id...

## elements:

- That on or about <u>(date)</u> <u>(specify)</u> was a witness or a person about to be called as a witness in an action or proceeding;
- 2. That on that date, in the county of <u>(county)</u> the defendant conferred, or offered or agreed to confer, a benefit upon <u>(specify)</u>; and
- 3. That the defendant did so upon an agreement or understanding that <u>(specify's)</u> testimony at such action or proceeding would thereby be influenced.

If you find the People have proven beyond a reasonable doubt each of those elements, you must find the defendant guilty of this crime.

If you find the People have not proven beyond a reasonable doubt any one or more of those elements, you must find the defendant not guilty of this crime.