**UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION
  
INFORMATION SECOND DEGREE
  
Penal Law § 190.82
  
(Committed on or after Nov. 1, 2002)**

The (*specify*) count is Possession of Personal Identification Information in the Second Degree.

Under our law, a person is guilty of Unlawful Possession of Personal Identification Information in the Second Degree when he or she knowingly possesses two hundred fifty or more items of personal identification information of the following nature:

*Select appropriate alternative(s):*

a person’s

personal financial services account number or code,

a savings account number or code,

checking account number or code,

brokerage account number or code,

credit card account number or code,

debit card number or code,

automated teller machine number or code,

personal identification number,

mother’s maiden name,

computer system password;

electronic signature;

unique biometric data that is a fingerprint, voice print, retinal image or iris image of another person

knowing such information is intended to be used in furtherance of the commission of (*specify Penal Law crime1*).

1 The definition specifies that the crime must be “a crime defined in this chapter,” meaning the Penal Law.

The following terms used in that definition have a special meaning:

POSSESS means to have physical possession or otherwise to exercise dominion or control over tangible property.2

A person KNOWINGLY possesses two hundred and fifty or more items of personal identification information when that person is aware that he or she is in possession of such information.3

(*Specify and define the Penal Law crime*.)

[PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER means any number or code which may be used alone or in conjunction with any other information to assume the identity of another person or access financial information or credit of another person4].

[ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with an electronic record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record5].

In order for you to find the defendant guilty of this crime, the People are required to prove, from all the evidence in the case, beyond a reasonable doubt, both of the following elements:

1. That on or about (*date*), in the County of (*county*), the defendant (*defendant’s name*), knowingly possessed

2*See* Penal Law §10.00(8).

3*See* Penal Law §15.05(2).

4*See* Penal Law §190.77(2)(b).

5*See* State Technology Law §102(3); Penal Law §190.77(2)(a).

two hundred fifty or more items o f personal identification information of the following nature: (*specify*); and

2. That the defendant knew that such information was intended to be used in furtherance o f the commission of (*specify crime*).

*[NOTE: If an affirmative defense does not apply, then conclude with the following two paragraphs. If the affirmative defense does apply, then omit the following two paragraphs, and insert here the affirmative defense charge in the Additional Charges section to this article.*

If you find the People have proven beyond a reasonable doubt both of those elements, you must find the defendant guilty of this crime.

If you find the People have not proven beyond a reasonable doubt either one or both of those elements, you must find the defendant not guilty of this crime.