1	COURT OF APPEALS
2	STATE OF NEW YORK
3	
4	DEVITO,
5	Appellant,
6	-against-
7	No. 195 FELICIANO,
8	Respondent.
9	
10	20 Eagle Street Albany, New York 12207 October 15, 2013
11	Before:
12	
13	CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN ASSOCIATE JUDGE VICTORIA A. GRAFFEO
14	ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ ASSOCIATE JUDGE ROBERT S. SMITH
15	ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM
16	ACCOUNT OUDGE SHEETEN ADDOCUMENT
17	Appearances:
18	BRIAN J. ISAAC, ESQ.
19	POLLACK POLLACK ISAAC & DECICCO, LLP Attorneys for Appellant
20	225 Broadway, Suite 307 New York, NY 10007
21	MICHAEL H. GOTTLIEB, ESQ.
22	GOTTLIEB SIEGEL & SCHWARTZ, LLP Attorneys for Respondent
23	180 East 162nd Street, Suite 1D Bronx, NY 10451
24	
25	Karen Schiffmiller Official Court Transcriber

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: 195, DeVito v.

Feliciano.

Counsel?

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MR. ISAAC: Your Honor, Brian Isaac, I'd like to reserve three minutes for rebuttal, if I can, please?

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Sure. Go ahead, counsel.

MR. ISAAC: Brian Isaac, I represent the plaintiff/appellant. I think, when I saw this case, I was surprised at the Appellate Division's decision, because it seems to me to be a textbook case for the application of the missing witness charge.

You have a damages-only trial. Perfect liability, hit in the rear with a passenger, so it's double-perfect liability. You have two witnesses testifying for the plaintiff, both of whom attribute the fractures - - - the nasal fracture and the T12 fracture - - - to the accident.

You have an elderly plaintiff, but one who was asymptomatic, and clearly she had some arthritic changes, but if you show me a seventy-eight-year-old person who doesn't have some arthritic changes, I'm going to show you an alien, and the defendant has not one, not two, not three, but four doctors. And - - -

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Could there be
2	counsel, could there be lots of reasons why they
3	didn't call those four doctors
4	MR. ISAAC: Could have been
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: that had
6	nothing to do necessarily with that they were going
7	to be unfavorable to the to the defendant?
8	MR. ISAAC: Could have been a million
9	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Like the cost or
10	- or they didn't think there was much of a case here.
11	How do you deal with that that kind of sce
12	- let's say there were legitimate reasons.
13	MR. ISAAC: Well, I've I've got an
14	answer for you.
15	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Sure.
16	MR. ISAAC: And here's my answer, Judge
17	Lippman. There could have been a million reasons,
18	but the defendant didn't articulate any. And if
19	-
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So if he put on the
21	record some kind of good reason, maybe that would
22	have obviated the need
23	MR. ISAAC: That's been
24	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: for the charge?
25	MR. ISAAC: That's been the law for a

hundred years. If he has a good reason for not calling all four doctors, I'd love to hear it, because I've never heard it.

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JUDGE SMITH: But wasn't - - - wasn't the - - wasn't the issue in the case, though - - - I
mean, as I understand it, then - - - it's pretty much
conceded that she broke her nose and she broke a
vertebra, and no one really says it's not of
traumatic origin. The question is when? Which
accident? How can the defense doctors cast any light
on that question?

MR. ISAAC: It's very simple. They can talk about what they know. They can talk about her age. And the problem here, Judge, is that the question is what did they say in their reports?

If you look at your decision in Macana, which is, I think, one of the lead cases, it says here that "the parties seeking the missing witness charge must sustain an initial burden of showing that the opposing parties failed to call a witness who could be expected to have knowledge regarding a material issue in the case, and to provide testimony favorable to the opposing party".

Expected. It's very easy how they could do
it. I'll tell you how they could do it. The - - -

even the other accidents didn't involve facial 1 2 injuries. And they didn't involve back injuries. 3 One is - - -JUDGE GRAFFEO: Well, I was just going to 4 5 ask you. Once - - - once the plaintiff's own 6 witnesses indicated they weren't aware of those other 7 hospital records, that kind of undercut some of her case, didn't it? So did the defense then still have 8 9 to produce - - -10 MR. ISAAC: Absolutely, that - - -11 JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - all of its - - - all 12 of its physicians? 13 MR. ISAAC: I'm sorry, Judge Graffeo. 14 Absolutely. That's the point. You see, the purpose 15 of the missing witness charge - - - and I think I, 16 kind of, actually figured it out driving up here this 17 morning, is to say, facts don't stop becoming facts 18 merely because a case might go bad, or an attorney is 19 bad, or an attorney is great. 20 If you read my adversary's brief, and you 21 read the amicus brief from the Defenders Association, 22 they talk about what a phenomenal job the defense 23 lawyer did. Inconsistencies, problems with memory,

not a real good witness.

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JUDGE SMITH: Let me - - - let me - - - let

me simplify the case. Take a - - - yeah. Suppose

the - - - you know, she had accident on - - - on

Monday and she had an accident on Wednesday. And she
says these injuries occurred in the Wednesday

accident, and the defense says they occurred in the

Monday accident. How is a doctor, who examined her

two or three years later, going to have the slightest
idea which accident?

MR. ISAAC: I can't answer your

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MR. ISAAC: I can't answer your hypothetical, but that's not this case.

JUDGE SMITH: What's the difference?

MR. ISAAC: In this case, what you have is you have a prior accident involving a fall, involving a broken wrist. That's their position. Nothing to do with the back. Nothing to do with nose. And then there's a subsequent accident, also, involving a fall. No evidence whatsoever that involved any of these injuries. So I have to deal with my record. I can't deal with other records, because I don't know what's going on - - -

JUDGE SMITH: But then what is - - - and how the defense - - - what is a defense doctor going to say?

MR. ISAAC: It's simple. You have a asymptomatic plaintiff, under your decision in Tobin

1 v. Steisel, even if you have someone who's 2 predisposed toward a condition, if an event occurs 3 which causes that person to seem - - -4 JUDGE SMITH: My - - - my question is 5 what's the defense doctor going to say? 6 MR. ISAAC: The defense doctor could say it 7 was not caused by the accident, it was caused by age; 8 it was caused by - - - I don't know what he would 9 say. 10 JUDGE SMITH: Well, well, wait. The 11 defense - - - I don't think the defense is saying 12 that these were degenerative changes. They're saying 13 it was caused by a different traumatic event. How 14 can the defense doctor testify to that? 15 MR. ISAAC: Because the defense doctor 16 would have to say I looked at this record, I looked 17 at that record. In my opinion, the trauma that was 18 caused by this fall, or the trauma that was caused by 19 that fall, could have resulted in that injury. You 20 can't not call - - -21 JUDGE SMITH: Okay. But is that - - - but 22 is that really a disputed point? I mean, isn't - - -23 isn't the question really just her credibility? I 2.4 mean, I - - - I assumed, when I was reading the

record, there was nothing impossible about what she

said. It just wasn't true, because she - - - because it didn't match the - - - the objective evidence.

MR. ISAAC: What - - - but that's the

point. Once you - - -

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JUDGE SMITH: I - - - what I'm saying, their defense was not a medical defense; their defense was a credibility defense.

MR. ISAAC: Oh, Judge, of course, it was a medical defense. Just read - - read the summation.

JUDGE SMITH: I did.

MR. ISAAC: They talked about the fact that the doctors weren't credible; they talked about the fact the plaintiff wasn't credible. They talked about the fact that she was symptomatic with arthritis. That was the whole defense. The whole defense was that we didn't establish a prima facie case, and that's the purpose of the charge.

If you read your decision in Savinon, you talk about the fact - - and I'm quoting here, "The missing witness instruction allows a jury to draw an unfavorable inference based on a party's failure to call a witness who would normally be expected to support that party's version of the events. As we stated in People against Gonzalez, the instruction rests on 'the common sense notion that the

nonproduction of evidence that would naturally have 1 2 been produced by an honest, and therefore fearless 3 claimant, permits the inference that its tenor is 4 unfavorable to the party's cause'". 5 JUDGE GRAFFEO: So all - - -6 JUDGE RIVERA: Other than requesting the 7 charge, is there any foundation you had to lay to 8 justify getting the charge? 9 MR. ISAAC: Absolutely none. I showed - -10 - I showed - - - I showed - - - I did. I showed all 11 three elements. One, control. They never contested 12 control; they don't contest it in their brief. 13 materiality of issue. Medical testimony was the only 14 thing that was at trial in this damages-only trial. 15 And three, that this witness was expected to give 16 testimony that could be favorable to that party. As 17 a matter of fact, and I - - -JUDGE GRAFFEO: So all IME doctors are 18 19 going to have to testify? 2.0 MR. ISAAC: If there's a - - -21 JUDGE GRAFFEO: All defense IME doctors are 22 going to have to testify - - -23 MR. ISAAC: No, if they - - - absolutely 2.4 not.

JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - unless they argue

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          that it's cumulative - - -
                    MR. ISAAC: If - - -
 2
 3
                    JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - for some reason.
 4
                    MR. ISAAC: Yes, if they argue it's
 5
          cumulative - - - that's one of the arguments they
 6
          made. I can't quite understand the cumulative
 7
          argument.
                    JUDGE SMITH: Well, yeah, your point is - -
 8
 9
10
                    MR. ISAAC: How could - - - how could - - -
11
          how could a it - - -
                    JUDGE SMITH: - - - it may be cumulative,
12
13
          but their witness is not yours.
14
                    MR. ISAAC: Right, right.
15
                    JUDGE SMITH: Yeah, if it's cumulative with
16
          your witness, you want to see it.
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                    MR. ISAAC: That's correct.
18
                    JUDGE SMITH: Yeah.
                    MR. ISAAC: But - - - but here - - - but
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20
          here's the rule. I mean, I know that this is the
21
          Court of Appeals; I know you're always asking for the
22
          actual rule that you should apply. I'm going to give
23
          it to you. I'm going to give it to you word for
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          word.
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Here's the rule I want you to apply: "When

a doctor who examines the plaintiff on defendant's

behalf does not testify at trial, an inference

generally arises that the testimony of such witness

would be unfavorable to the defendant unless he" -
- that's the defendant - - - "demonstrates that the

testimony would be merely cumulative" - - - one - -
"the witness was unavailable and not under his

control, or that the witness would address matters

not in dispute".

Those are the - - - that's not me. The Appellate Division is much smarter than I am. I'm quoting them word for word. That's what you should hold.

JUDGE PIGOTT: But they - - -

MR. ISAAC: I don't - - -

JUDGE PIGOTT: What do you do, Mr. Isaac, when your - - one of your doctors - - - I can't pronounce it, Naiditch, is it? He said that he could have predated it. He said that - - - that the fracture could have predated the accident. And then Kaecker - - if I'm pronouncing that right - - - said that at the time of the examination immediately following the accident, there was no pain on palpation.

So most juries, and I suspect some defense

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1 lawyers are saying, you know, that's - - - that's 2 good enough for me. I'm just - - - you know. 3 - - I think we're done. MR. ISAAC: You don't get to make that 4 5 choice. That would be my response. You can do that, and the way to do it is to tell the jury, look, I had 6 7 doctors. I chose not to call them, because the 8 plaintiff didn't establish a prima facie case. You 9 don't get to not call the ex - - - not call the 10 witness, and you don't get to change facts by dint of 11 your opponent's problem. JUDGE SMITH: Well, you're - - - you're not 12 13 saying they have to call a witness. You're saying 14 they have to endure a missing witness instruction, because they don't - - -15 16 MR. ISAAC: That's it. That's exactly 17 right. That's their choice. 18 JUDGE PIGOTT: What's the difference 19 between that and as happened in this case, where the 2.0 plaintiff's lawyer could make hay about the fact that 21 they didn't bring him. 22 MR. ISAAC: My argument would be if the 23 argument was that the plaintiff's - - - that the 2.4 summation of the plaintiff's lawyer pointing out the

fact that a defendant's doctor didn't testify,

1 obviated the charge, you never have the charge. You 2 just throw it right out for cause. 3 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. Thanks, counsel. 4 5 MR. ISAAC: Thanks. 6 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You'll have your 7 rebuttal. Counsel? 8 9 MR. GOTTLIEB: Good afternoon, my name is 10 Michael Gottlieb. I'm for the defendant/respondent. 11 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why shouldn't there 12 be a miss - - - missing witness charge here? And 13 what - - - what possible rationale do you have for 14 not calling any of the doctors? And if you don't 15 want to call them, don't call them. Why don't you 16 get a missing witness charge? 17 MR. GOTTLIEB: Well, preliminarily, there 18 are three preconditions that a movant for the missing 19 witness charge - - -20 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Sure, go ahead. 21 MR. GOTTLIEB: - - - has to make. And in 22 this instance, even though the trial court Judge 23 Stinson offered them - - - the trial lawyer the 2.4 opportunity to make those pre - - - make out those 25 preconditions, he absolutely refused. By doing that,

1	he then prevented respondent's attorney, that's
2	JUDGE SMITH: Tell us what preconditions he
3	didn't make out.
4	MR. GOTTLIEB: He didn't make out the ident
5	the identity of the witness and what the
6	knowledge of that witness would be.
7	JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, everybody knew that.
8	I mean, you had you had the reports.
9	MR. GOTTLIEB: He he didn't mark
10	those reports for identification.
11	JUDGE PIGOTT: No, but I mean, I
12	JUDGE SMITH: Is that is that the
13	problem, that he didn't mark the reports for
14	identification?
15	MR. GOTTLIEB: Well, we don't know what
16	those reports would say, Your Honor.
17	JUDGE PIGOTT: They're your doctors.
18	MR. GOTTLIEB: I underst just because
19	they're my doctors, doesn't mean they're giving
20	testimony they would give testimony favorable
21	to me. They prepared reports.
22	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Your they're
23	your witnesses, and you don't know what they're going
24	to testify to?
25	MR. GOTTLIEB: Your Honor, of course, I

MR. GOTTLIEB: Your Honor, of course, I - -

1 JUDGE PIGOTT: If they weren't favorable -2 3 - - if they weren't favorable to you, then that's why 4 you need the missing witness charge. 5 MR. GOTTLIEB: The que - - - but we don't know that - - - the preliminary examination, I think, 6 7 is that we do not know what those reports said. Why? 8 Because plaintiff's counsel did not put them forward. 9 JUDGE PIGOTT: Are you trying to dodge the 10 issue by saying they didn't preserve it because they 11 didn't go one, two, three, in the - - -MR. GOTTLIEB: Well, that's a preliminary 12 13 point. I think - - -14 JUDGE PIGOTT: I don't mean to say "dodge", 15 by the way. 16 MR. GOTTLIEB: Yeah, no, I understand. 17 Thank you, though. That's a preliminary point. I think there's additional points that can be made. 18 19 JUDGE SMITH: But isn't - - - isn't it 20 always true - - - isn't the nature of a missing 21 witness case that you don't know what the missing 22 witness would say because you control - - - that is, 23 the other side doesn't know because you control him,

MR. GOTTLIEB: But you do know because you

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and he doesn't.

1 have to put forward - - - there has to be - - -JUDGE PIGOTT: What was the basis of the 2 3 court's ruling? MR. GOTTLIEB: The lower - - - the trial 4 5 judge's ruling? Was that it was cumulative. JUDGE PIGOTT: All right. How can it be 6 7 cumulative when - - - when you raise these issues about whether or not the - - - the fracture of the 8 9 nose predated the - - - the injury? You - - - that 10 was raised on your cross-examination. 11 MR. GOTTLIEB: Right. 12 JUDGE PIGOTT: And the same thing with the 13 - - - I think the radiologist who - - - or who said 14 there was no pain on palpation. 15 MR. GOTTLIEB: But contrary to my learned counsel, I think the record is clear that those 16 17 doctors backed off their initial statement. The - -18 19 JUDGE PIGOTT: Which doctors? The ones 2.0 that testified? 21 MR. GOTTLIEB: The ones that testified 22 initially said there was causation. We then had - -- there were two doctors that testified. We had Dr. 23 2.4 Naiditch then testifying that it was possible that it

occurred before the motor vehicle accident. But what

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JUDGE SMITH: Okay, you - - - you did a lot of damage to the plaintiff's case. You had a lot of good arguments and you would still have had them if there had been a missing witness instruction. But why should there - - - why should you not either have called your witnesses or taken your chances with a missing witness instruction?

MR. GOTTLIEB: Simply put is what I said before, we - - - I did not have an opportunity to respond to the transfer of the burden to me - - - $\frac{1}{2}$

JUDGE PIGOTT: But doesn't that - -
doesn't that then say to the jury, you - - - you -
- these doctors have nothing to say. That the IME

doctors - - - that they're - - - if they're

cumulative, that means they would have testified the

same way as the doc - - - as the doctors have

testified already.

MR. GOTTLIEB: But in fact, Your Honor, I never even - - - throughout the record, there's no indication by myself that I was going to call these doctors. The only one that ever mentioned these doctors was the plaintiff's attorney. Not once during the record - - -

JUDGE PIGOTT: Then why did you have

defense - - - defense examinations? What - - -1 MR. GOTTLIEB: As a matter of course, 2 3 there's a defensive examination which - - - after the plaintiff testifies she gets - - -4 5 JUDGE PIGOTT: And so - - and why wouldn't you call them? I mean, if you get - - - if 6 7 these doctors - - - if you - - - if you, as a 8 defendant, say I want these doctors to examine this 9 plaintiff. And they do. And then you don't call 10 them. Shouldn't - - - shouldn't the presumption be 11 that you're not calling them because they're not 12 going to help your case? 13 MR. GOTTLIEB: But in fact, that burden didn't - - - that means that the burden has now 14 15 shifted to the defendant. 16 JUDGE PIGOTT: Yeah, you're under - - -17 MR. GOTTLIEB: It was my view - - -18 JUDGE PIGOTT: - - - you're on the defense. 19 MR. GOTTLIEB: But - - - but it was my 20 view, Your Honor, that the plaintiff's testimony and 21 evidence on its own defeated their argument. 22 JUDGE PIGOTT: But didn't you make that 23 argument? I mean, you must have made a sufficiency 2.4 argument, which was denied.

MR. GOTTLIEB: There was no sufficiency

1 argument. The - - -2 JUDGE SMITH: Any - - - any - - - any 3 missing witness argument shifts the burden in the sense that it suggests that you would - - - if you 4 5 had good evidence, you would - - - you would produce That's what a missing witness argument is. 6 7 MR. GOTTLIEB: I understand, but - - -8 JUDGE SMITH: Or a missing witness 9 instruction. 10 MR. GOTTLIEB: But because plaintiff did 11 not meet - - - reach that first three preconditional 12 argument - - -13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, what's - - what's the rule here? What - - - your adversary gave 14 15 us the rule he wants. What's the rule you want in 16 this case? 17 MR. GOTTLIEB: The rule should be that what Caveat 2 says in the PJI, which is "in order to 18 19 permit effective judicial review, all discussions 20 regarding the charge must be clearly put into the 21 record, so that each party's position can be easily discerned." The trial court attempted to do that. 22 23 Specifically asked the trial lawyer, what is your 2.4 argument? And he refused to make - - -

JUDGE SMITH: Well, well, we know - - - we

1	do what he's saying we I thought it
2	was pretty clear that he said, hey, they got some
3	doctors, and if their doctors support those ca
4	their case, they ought to call them. What more did
5	he have to say?
6	MR. GOTTLIEB: He needed to put forth what
7	those doctors said. And he needed to show
8	JUDGE SMITH: Well now, I thought the
9	whole point of a missing witness instruction was that
10	he does not have to do that. That that's that
11	that's the very that's the essence of the
12	missing witness instruction, is it's not for the
13	- the guy asking for the instruction doesn't have to
14	say what the witnesses would say. Haven't we said
15	that in a few cases?
16	MR. GOTTLIEB: You have, Your Honor, but in
17	this particular case, there's the plaintiff's
18	attorney fail failure to do that
19	JUDGE PIGOTT: Wouldn't it wouldn't
20	it make
21	MR. GOTTLIEB: did not a
22	JUDGE PIGOTT: Go ahead; I'm sorry.
23	MR. GOTTLIEB: No, no, it's so
24	JUDGE PIGOTT: I keep interrupting.
25	MR. GOTTLIEB: That's okay. You have

1 questions.

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JUDGE PIGOTT: Mr. Isaac's arguing that his

- - - that the judge allowing him to make the

argument that these doctors weren't called and - -
and therefore you can assume they were going to

testify favorably or not unfavorably to the

defendant, should have done it.

Wouldn't it have been just as fair if the judge had said, I'm going to give the missing witness charge and you, Mr. Defense Lawyer, can make the argument that the reason you didn't call them was too expensive; they're out of town; I thought that what these doctors said - - and I'll - - and I'll summarize it for you, is sufficient that I don't have to call my doctors. And in that way, cover your bases.

MR. GOTTLIEB: Well, that would have been reasonable, but again, I think, the trial judge did not get to that point, because the three pre - - - preconditions weren't made.

JUDGE PIGOTT: What was left out? What - - what - - - you mentioned the three - - - the same
preconditions that Mr. Isaac talked about?

MR. GOTTLIEB: I think so, yeah.

JUDGE PIGOTT: So which one was missing?

1 MR. GOTTLIEB: Well, I - - - I actually think all three of them. 2 3 JUDGE PIGOTT: Give them - - - give them to 4 me again. MR. GOTTLIEB: Well, I - - - I know Judge 5 Smith is - - - is - - - has pointed out that I'm 6 7 incorrect about one of them, but the three of them are the identity of the witness believed to be 8 9 knowledgeable about a material issue pending in the 10 case. 11 JUDGE PIGOTT: And we knew that. We knew 12 they were your doctors. 13 MR. GOTTLIEB: But they didn't give the identity of them, but just knew that they were 14 15 doctors; you're right. Demonstrate - - - witness can be expected to testify favorably and it's not 16 17 cumulative. And third, that the party that did not call the witness has the witness available. 18 19 Again, because - - -20 JUDGE GRAFFEO: And you're saying that's 21 the plaintiff's burden to - - -MR. GOTTLIEB: Correct, in the first 22 23 instance. 2.4 MR. GOTTLIEB: - - - to unveil those three 25 conditions - - -

MR. GOTTLIEB: In the first instance. 1 2 JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - and not - - - and 3 none of those are your responsibility? MR. GOTTLIEB: Well, in the first instance, 4 5 if the plaintiff puts that forward, then the defendant has to contest those. And - - -6 7 JUDGE PIGOTT: How does he say it? The - -8 - in other words, you want him to say to the judge: 9 Judge, those witnesses are available to the defense. 10 And unless and until he says that, the judge does not 11 have to consider availability? MR. GOTTLIEB: Well, this is a perfect 12 13 example of it, Your Honor. I was the one that was 14 the trial lawyer. 15 JUDGE PIGOTT: Right. 16 MR. GOTTLIEB: I was the one that was doing 17 all the calling - - - my staff was calling - - - for those doctors. I knew their availability. I knew 18 19 that in reality, which is not part of the record - -20 - why? Because the plaintiff didn't make it part of 21 the record. I know that those doctors weren't available that day. In fact - - -22 23 JUDGE GRAFFEO: Well, what was the 2.4 plaintiff's lawyer supposed to say about

availability? Just give me an example. What - - -

1 MR. GOTTLIEB: Simply put, that these are 2 his doctors, and therefore, we have no information 3 that they're not available - - -4 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, isn't that 5 almost a truism? That they're your witnesses, for God's sake. 6 7 MR. GOTTLIEB: But, I - - -8 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I mean, isn't your 9 burden? I mean, I don't - - - let's take some common 10 sense here. What more does he really need to say? MR. GOTTLIEB: Well, I would suggest he 11 12 needs to - - -13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I know what you're 14 saying, but isn't that saying things that are so 15 obvious to everybody? 16 MR. GOTTLIEB: But - - -17 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Your witnesses, you control them. 18 19 MR. GOTTLIEB: But that's suggesting, Your 20 Honor, that there's a per se rule that every time a -21 - - a defendant does not call an IME doctor, in every 22 case, then a missing witness charge should apply. 23 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, how - - - how many 2.4 times - - - how many times have you said to a judge, 25 I can't - - - I can't try this case; my doctors

1 aren't available. Or Judge, you know, I know - - - I 2 know that we're going to have to take a break, you 3 know, from Wednesday to Monday, and I know that you 4 crucify lawyers for that, but my doctors aren't 5 available. MR. GOTTLIEB: Right. The point is, I 6 7 never had the opportunity to do that, because the 8 discussion did not go that far. And why didn't it go 9 that far? It didn't go that far because of the 10 plaintiff's - - -JUDGE PIGOTT: No, it didn't go that far, 11 12 because you never had a problem. You didn't say, my 13 doctors are out of town. You didn't say, you know, 14 the trial ended faster on the plaintiff's side then I 15 expected, so I don't - - - I can't have my doctors 16 here until Friday. There was - - - there was nothing 17 in the record to indicate that you did not have 18 control, I guess. 19 MR. GOTTLIEB: But - - - but Your Honor, if 20 you look at the record, you - - - the court can see 21 that there was no colloquy that went back and forth 22 on this very is - - -23 JUDGE GRAFFEO: I thought - - -

MR. GOTTLIEB: - - - on this very issue.

JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - the plaintiff asked

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for the missing witness charge.

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MR. GOTTLIEB: The plaintiff did.

JUDGE GRAFFEO: And the judge denied it.

MR. GOTTLIEB: That's correct.

JUDGE GRAFFEO: So if he asked for the missing witness charge, why wouldn't you stand up and say, Your Honor, I don't think it's necessary to have the missing witness charge - - -

MR. GOTTLIEB: Be - - -

JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - because my doctors aren't going to add anything to this. The pla - - - I - - I discredited the plaintiff's positions, or they're not available. I mean, why wouldn't you answer the request for the missing witness charge?

MR. GOTTLIEB: Because the - - - as the record reflects, Your Honor, when the plaintiff's counsel asked for the missing witness charge, the court then gave the plaintiff the opportunity to make out the three preconditions. And the plaintiff's counsel specifically refused to do that. Once this plaintiff's counsel refused to do that, the court said - - without hearing from me, the court said, then I'm not - - I'm denying your request. So that we did not have the opportunity to have a full colloquy and argue - - -

1 JUDGE GRAFFEO: Since you won on that 2 point, that was - - - that was - - -3 MR. GOTTLIEB: The court had made a decision. And the court made the decision after 4 5 offering an opportunity to plaintiff's counsel, please, tell me why I should give a missing witness 6 charge? And he said, no. I mean, not in those 7 8 words. But he essentially said, I'm not going to 9 bother. 10 JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, the judge was - - -11 the judge had already made the decision, I guess, that it was cumulative. Regardless of what the other 12 13 two were, he said it's cumulative. MR. GOTTLIEB: She - - - she had made a 14 15 decision, and - - - but af - - - offered him the 16 opportunity to argue the decision. I mean, she gave 17 him the opportunity. And the record is clear that he specifically refused to. 18 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. 19 20 Thanks, counsel. 21 MR. GOTTLIEB: Thank you very much. 22 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Let's have rebuttal. 23 Counsel? 2.4 MR. ISAAC: I'm going to be brief. Just if 25 I can give you some page references.

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead, counsel.

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MR. ISAAC: I know that you were a little concerned with some of the testimony of - - - of my doctors, and quite frankly, I'm a little concerned about it too. But if you - - if you take a look at page 406 to 408, and 480 - - 480 to 482. On recross-examination, the doctors did specifically adhere to their position. And you decided a case in 1921 called Woods v. Ochs, which says, answers elicited on cross-examination do not amount to a retraction of - - -

what does a defense do when they - - - they - - - it's not - - - it's a cold record, so we don't know, but it looks like they beat up these doctors pretty well. And so, you know, he talks to his client, and says, you know, I - - I think we're fine. Let's - - you know, let's wrap this thing up before the weekend or whatever the strategy is. And why isn't that enough?

MR. ISAAC: I'll tell you why. Let's - - - let me give you my hypothetical. Let's say Clarence Darrow comes down from heaven a thousand times smarter than when he was here.

JUDGE PIGOTT: We have you, Mr. Isaac.

1 MR. ISAAC: Not me - - - I - - - you have him, but not me. But he comes down, and he has a - -2 3 - and he has a perfect defense case that he destroys, 4 but he's got four witnesses in his pocket lined up to 5 say that his great cross-examination was nonsense. 6 He's got two choices. He can put them on the stand, 7 and risk havoc with his cross-examination, or take 8 the missing witness charge. And I told you exactly 9 how to do it. 10 He says, you didn't prove a prima facie 11 The judge is going to instruct you on burden case.

He says, you didn't prove a prima facie case. The judge is going to instruct you on burden of proof. We asked you to follow the law; I want to follow the law. I didn't call him because I didn't have to. That's how you do it. It's that simple.

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And finally, Judge Smith - - -

JUDGE SMITH: But you're - - - you're saying that - - - that Mr. Darrow has to live with a missing witness charge in that case?

MR. ISAAC: He does. He does win. He's got four witnesses.

And just one other point. When he told you about what you have to say, okay, he says I have to make the showing. I don't. You decided that in People against Kitching. If you read 78 NY2d at 537 to 538, the exact argument my adversary made about

1	the plaintiff having to give the specifics, was
2	specifically repudiated by this court, pre-Macana.
3	I have nothing further; I'm done.
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. Thank
5	you. Thank you both. Appreciate it.
6	(Court is adjourned)
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CERTIFICATION I, Karen Schiffmiller, certify that the foregoing transcript of proceedings in the Court of Appeals of DeVito v. Feliciano, No. 195 was prepared using the required transcription equipment and is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. Hour Laboffmille. Signature: Agency Name: eScribers Address of Agency: 700 West 192nd Street Suite # 607 New York, NY 10040 Date: October 23, 2013