1 COURT OF APPEALS 2 STATE OF NEW YORK 3 \_\_\_\_\_ 4 MATTER OF STATE OF NEW YORK, 5 Respondent, 6 -against-No. 194 7 NELSON D., (Papers sealed) 8 Appellant. 9 \_\_\_\_\_ 20 Eagle Street 10 Albany, New York 12207 October 15, 2013 11 Before: 12 CHIEF JUDGE JONATHAN LIPPMAN 13 ASSOCIATE JUDGE VICTORIA A. GRAFFEO ASSOCIATE JUDGE SUSAN PHILLIPS READ 14 ASSOCIATE JUDGE ROBERT S. SMITH ASSOCIATE JUDGE EUGENE F. PIGOTT, JR. 15 ASSOCIATE JUDGE JENNY RIVERA ASSOCIATE JUDGE SHEILA ABDUS-SALAAM 16 17 Appearances: 18 DIANE GOLDSTEIN TEMKIN, ESQ. MENTAL HYGIENE LEGAL SERVICE 19 Attorneys for Appellant 41 Madison Avenue, 26th Floor 20 New York, NY 10010 21 LESLIE B. DUBECK, ASG NEW YORK STATE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL 22 Attorneys for Respondent 120 Broadway, 25th Floor 23 New York, NY 10271 24 Karen Schiffmiller 25 Official Court Transcriber

1	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Number 194, the State
2	v. Nelson D.
3	Counsel, would you like any rebuttal time?
4	MS. TEMKIN: Two minutes, please?
5	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Two minutes, sure, go
6	ahead.
7	MS. TEMKIN: May it please the court, my
8	name is Diane Temkin for appellant Nelson D.
9	There's only one way for a sex offender
10	who's been found to require civil management to get
11	confined under Article 10, and that's for a court to
12	find that the person is a dangerous sex offender
13	requiring
14	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, what about -
15	
16	MS. TEMKIN: confinement.
17	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: the requirement
18	of in 10 of listing the the residence or
19	the place that he's going to go to? Is that a
20	sufficient basis under 10 to to to put
21	him in Valley Ridge?
22	MS. TEMKIN: No, it is not.
23	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Why not? Go ahead.
24	MS. TEMKIN: Because there are other
25	facilities that have their own set of commitment

procedures.

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CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What if - - - what 2 3 does that provision in 10 mean, where it says you 4 have to - - - you have to state the - - - the place 5 of residence? MS. TEMKIN: Well, it's - - - it's at - - -6 7 first of all, you don't have - - - the court doesn't 8 have to, it - - - they may. There's a set of 9 conditions and they may require residence or type of 10 residence as - - - as one of the conditions, and - -11 - but the legislature intended for a SIST to be 12 outpatient treatment, and expressly says outpatient 13 in the community, and that's the legislative intent. And a residence can't just mean - - - for 14 15 instance, I mean, it can't - - - they - - - they 16 can't just mean, like, prison or jail. Those are 17 residences, but they have their own set of rules. 18 JUDGE GRAFFEO: So - - - so tell me, both 19 doctors here seem to agree that your client has some 20 difficulty maintaining his medication regimen, and 21 needs fairly constant supervision. I - - - I think 22 both physicians - - - do you disagree - - - they - -23 24 MS. TEMKIN: No, I don't disagree that - -25 – that – – –

1 JUDGE GRAFFEO: - - - they more or less - -2 - they more or less agreed on that point. So how is 3 that to be provided for him? What - - - what are - -4 - what are you asking for? What were options of the 5 court here? MS. TEMKIN: Well, the options were to put 6 7 him in a community residence - - - an individualized residential alternative, which is called an IRA, 8 9 which is highly structured, with one-on-one 10 supervision - - -11 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Were there any available for him? 12 13 MS. TEMKIN: And - - - well, we were - - -14 well, it was up to - - - the statutory duty is for 15 docs and - - - to provide a lawful - - -16 JUDGE SMITH: Suppose - - -17 MS. TEMKIN: - - - conditions for him, but 18 - - - I'm sorry. 19 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Go ahead, go ahead. 20 MS. TEMKIN: Yeah, but - - -21 JUDGE GRAFFEO: And was that - - - was that 22 appropriate for his - - -23 MS. TEMKIN: But, yeah, they never tried to 24 find a IRA, and we - - - so we - - - we were trying 25 to find an IRA, and - - - and - - -

1	JUDGE GRAFFEO: An OMR
2	MS. TEMKIN: the AG wouldn't let us.
3	JUDGE GRAFFEO: An OMRDD, or whatever we
4	call the new agency now
5	MS. TEMKIN: OPWDD.
6	JUDGE GRAFFEO: that operated these
7	particular types of facilities?
8	MS. TEMKIN: Yes, they did, and the
9	and the AG precluded us from talking to OPWDD.
10	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Do you agree
11	MS. TEMKIN: They wouldn't let us.
12	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Do you agree under
13	Article 15 that they could that they could do
14	this?
15	MS. TEMKIN: Yes, in fact, they
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Was this was an
17	Article 15 application?
18	MS. TEMKIN: Well, the application didn't
19	even need to be before the court. Under under
20	15.27, admission to Valley Ridge or other Article 15
21	facilities is on medical certification, and
22	that you need two physicians, and an applicant, which
23	could be the director of a facility. And Nelson D.
24	was in a facility. He was at Manhattan Psychiatric
25	Center

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yeah, but your argument is that's - - - that's not here in this case 2 3 to qualify him for 15? Is that true? 4 MS. TEMKIN: Well, the State could have 5 done it, and - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Right, but - - -6 7 MS. TEMKIN: - - - and they didn't. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - but they 8 9 didn't. That is your argument, right? 10 MS. TEMKIN: They didn't. And this was an 11 Article 10 proceeding. 12 JUDGE SMITH: Suppose - - - suppose you've 13 got an Article 10 offender, and I just assume - - - I 14 mean, I - - - putting aside whether this is your guy 15 or not. You got somebody who can - - - who is dangerous - - - very dangerous - - - who's going to 16 17 commit rapes and all kinds of ghastly assaults, unless he is in something of the order of - - - of a 18 19 - - - what's it called - - - Valley Ridge. What 20 happens to that guy? 21 MS. TEMKIN: Well, if the court thinks that 22 a person is likely to commit sex offenses if not 23 confined, then the court should find that he's a 24 dangerous sex offender requiring confinement. 25 JUDGE SMITH: Your - - - your answer is he

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1	can't go to Valley Ridge; he has to go to a secure
2	facility?
3	MS. TEMKIN: He has to go to a secure
4	JUDGE SMITH: Does that make any sense?
5	MS. TEMKIN: I yes, it does under the
6	law, because under Article 10, OPWDD is can
7	designate a secure treatment facility, but they
8	haven't. There are only two
9	JUDGE SMITH: Okay, but but I guess
10	I'm what I'm saying is, is it assuming we
11	were to find any ambiguity in this statute, wouldn't
12	it be very wouldn't it be strange to attribute
13	to the legislature this intention to either have to
14	let him go or put him a secure facility? You can't
15	put him in a less secure facility?
16	MS. TEMKIN: And you can under
17	Article 10, you can only put him in an Article 10
18	facility. It's
19	JUDGE SMITH: My question I
20	understand what you say the law says. I'm saying,
21	wouldn't that be a rather strange intention to
22	attribute to the legislature, to rule out this
23	intermediate possibility of a less secure facility?
24	MS. TEMKIN: I don't think it would be a
25	strange intent of the legislature, because there are
1	

1 other commitment procedures in order to put dangerous 2 people in confinement. 3 JUDGE SMITH: But you're saying for the 4 hypothetical person that I've named, you're saying 5 that Article 10 should just not be used at all? You 6 should resort to Article 15? 7 MS. TEMKIN: Yes. Because it's an Article 8 15 facility, and under Article 15, unless otherwise 9 specifically provided for - - - for by statute, you 10 have to use the procedures of Article 15, and - - -11 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: The State points out 12 that there was an Article 10 individual at Valley 13 Ridge. Is he there - - - or she - - - I guess it's a 14 he - - - is he there improperly, as well? 15 MS. TEMKIN: No, he isn't, because that was 16 - - - that was a special settlement agree - - -17 reached in that case. That person was paroled at - -18 - was a voluntary. He has a legal status under 19 Article 15 as a voluntary, as a condition of parole, 20 and when his parole was up, he - - - and - - - and 21 the State brought an Article 10 petition against him, 22 he requested that he stay at Valley Ridge. 23 He - - - he was the - - - the type of 24 defendant that - - - that - - - like Hendricks in - -25 - in Kansas v. Hendricks, where he said, please, keep

1	me locked up, because or else I will do this
2	again. He was a
3	JUDGE SMITH: Could the could the
4	State
5	MS. TEMKIN: a child molester.
6	JUDGE SMITH: Could the State in this
7	in this proceeding insist as a condition of strict
8	and intensive supervision that your guy make a
9	similar request?
10	MS. TEMKIN: I don't think so, because then
11	it wouldn't be voluntary. I mean, it's up to the
12	State to evaluate him under Article 15. He he
13	wouldn't be voluntary in that case. There
14	JUDGE SMITH: But of course, you said
15	yourself a minute ago that if someone really is
16	dangerous and and can't you can't send
17	him to Valley Ridge, you have to put him in a secure
18	facility. Doesn't that yeah doesn't that
19	suggest that maybe it might be in his interest to
20	say, you know, I I'm just like that other guy;
21	I want to be at Valley Ridge; I love the place.
22	MS. TEMKIN: Well, it hasn't been our
23	experience that the State is is willing to
24	negotiate settlements for SIST that often. They
25	would have

1	JUDGE PIGOTT: This seems difficult.
2	You're really saying they ought to punish your client
3	more. Right? In other words, you don't like this
4	intermediate facility. You want him back in
5	back in jail? Back at Western
6	MS. TEMKIN: No, no. We're just saying
7	that if he's going to be confined, he has to be
8	confined under a substantive legal standard.
9	JUDGE PIGOTT: So you want him you
10	want can he go to Central New York Psychiatric
11	Center, and we're done?
12	MS. TEMKIN: No, he can't, because that's
13	an Article 10 facility, and he was found not to
14	require Article 10 confinement.
15	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, does it
16	- does it mater that that here the intent of
17	the State, I think, is humane is nature? Does that
18	matter or basically you can't confiscate his liter -
19	liberty unless he's found dangerous? I mean, do
20	you follow what I'm saying? They're assume
21	that they're doing it to be humane. Does that
22	matter?
23	MS. TEMKIN: We're we're not saying
24	if he's dangerous, he shouldn't be confined.
25	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I understand that.

1	MS. TEMKIN: We're say we're saying
2	if he's dangerous, he needs to be confined under a
3	substantive standard with procedures.
4	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I understand, but
5	what I'm asking you, assuming that that he
6	can't he is not dangerous. He doesn't have a
7	mental abnormality and dangerous, at least the
8	finding of that. But the State in this case is try -
9	let's assume is trying to to be
10	humane. The bottom line is they still have to go to
11	Article 15, otherwise you're confiscating his liberty
12	when there's no finding of being dangerous.
13	MS. TEMKIN: Yes, but it would have been
14	easy for the State. They he was in a hospital.
15	All you had to do was find two doctors
16	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: I'm not arguing with
17	counsel. I'm asking you that question.
18	MS. TEMKIN: Yes.
19	JUDGE GRAFFEO: I I think what
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yes, is the answer.
21	Good.
22	JUDGE GRAFFEO: you're being asked
23	is, the State had one of three options. They could
24	have tried to prove he was dangerous and had a mental
25	abnormality and commit him under Article 10. And

that didn't work. He wasn't found to have a mental
abnormality.
MS. TEMKIN: No, he was found to have a em
a mental abnormality.
CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: He was found
JUDGE GRAFFEO: Or he was he was
found not to be dangerous, I'm sorry. Or they could
have brought an Article 15 proceeding. Or they could
put him on SIST. And since they are recommending
SIST, you're saying he has to go to a community
residence. He can't go to an Article 15 facility.
MS. TEMKIN: Okay. This this court
has found in Myron
JUDGE GRAFFEO: Are those the three options
that
MS. TEMKIN: No, there are two options.
This court's found in Myron P., that there are two
dispositions: either SIST or confinement.
JUDGE SMITH: Well, wait
MS. TEMKIN: There are only two.
JUDGE SMITH: Well, I think Judge Graffeo
is suggesting maybe Article 15
MS. TEMKIN: It's what is SIST
JUDGE SMITH: Is Article 15 a possible
third, not under Article 10, but under Article 15?

1	MS. TEMKIN: The State could have done that
2	at any time; they don't need the court.
3	JUDGE PIGOTT: So the answer's yes?
4	JUDGE READ: Yes.
5	MS. TEMKIN: Yes.
6	JUDGE PIGOTT: Okay.
7	MS. TEMKIN: The State could have done
8	that.
9	JUDGE RIVERA: But you're saying under
10	- what they chose was Article 10?
11	MS. TEMKIN: Yes.
12	JUDGE RIVERA: And Article 10 gives two
13	options. And they can't seek to do confinement when
14	the court has decided the disposition is SIST?
15	MS. TEMKIN: Well, even under SIST, you
16	- if someone is, like, on parole okay, can I
17	finish the answer?
18	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Yes.
19	MS. TEMKIN: Yeah.
20	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Please do.
21	MS. TEMKIN: If someone's on parole, for
22	instance, they could be rearrested. They could be
23	committed if they're mentally ill. They could be
24	committed if they're mentally retarded and dangerous.
25	JUDGE PIGOTT: Well, let me ask you

1	MS. TEMKIN: It you could be on SIST
2	and also on Article 15.
3	JUDGE PIGOTT: Let me let me ask you
4	
5	JUDGE RIVERA: But but just in the
6	posture of the case I understand what you're
7	saying but in the posture of this case, when
8	the court was rendering its decision, once it had
9	decided that that the People did that the
10	State did not meet its burden to show that he's
11	dangerous, the court is left with one option, which
12	is SIST. And if I'm if I'm not
13	misunderstanding your argument, unless they then are
14	going to make some other argument under a different
15	legal statute, they're stuck with Article 10, and
16	Article 10's choice for the court is something that's
17	not confinement.
18	MS. TEMKIN: Yes.
19	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, thanks,
20	counsel.
21	Counsel?
22	MS. DUBECK: May it please the court,
23	Leslie Dubeck for the State of New York.
24	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, how can you
25	confiscate his liberty if he's not find found

to be dangerous under Article 10? 1 MS. DUBECK: Article 10 includes two 2 3 dispositions. CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You can't be released 4 5 and confined at the same time, can you? MS. DUBECK: Every disposition under 6 7 Article 10 involves a curtailment of liberty. SIST involves a curtailment of liberty. 8 9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You can confine him 10 under 10, if you're not found to be dangerous? 11 MS. DUBECK: No, and he hasn't been confined. Confinement as - - -12 13 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What - - - what do you call this? It's involuntary. 14 15 MS. DUBECK: He - - - he was placed in a transitional placement in an OPWDD facility. 16 17 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Wait, wait, wait. 18 That's - - - are you - - - is this voluntary? 19 MS. DUBECK: It's not voluntary, but SIST 20 isn't vol - - -21 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So you're confining 22 him? 23 MS. DUBECK: No, there is something short 24 of confinement that is also involuntary. All of SIST 25

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: If he agrees to it. But he didn't agree to this. It's either SIST or 2 3 confinement, isn't it? 4 MS. DUBECK: Correct. 5 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: If you're found dangerous, it's confinement. If not, it's SIST. 6 7 MS. DUBECK: Right, and this is SIST. 8 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: And you have the 9 right under SIST to do the same thing that you would 10 do under Article 10, if he was found to be dangerous? 11 MS. DUBECK: This isn't the same thing as confinement. 12 13 JUDGE SMITH: You're - - - you're - - - are 14 you saying that confinement in Article 10 is a term -15 - - is really just shorthand for confinement in a 16 secure facility? 17 MS. DUBECK: That's exactly - - - that is the dispositional choice: confinement in a secure 18 19 treatment facility or SIST. 20 JUDGE SMITH: So - - - so but - -21 - so if - - - so if a guy is at Valley Ridge, in what a layman might think is - - - think he's confined, 22 23 you're saying, well, he may be confined in reality, 2.4 but in fact, he's in the community within the meaning 25 of the statute?

1	MS. DUBECK: And it yes, but also,
2	it's not even the equivalent of confinement to a
3	secure treatment facility. He was placed at Valley
4	Ridge as a transitional
5	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: He can leave?
6	MS. DUBECK: placement.
7	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Can he leave?
8	MS. DUBECK: He could not leave Valley
9	Ridge, but the the order placing him there gave
10	OPWDD the discretion to move him, and he was moved.
11	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Well, if he were in
12	SIST, could he move around? Could he leave?
13	MS. DUBECK: It it depends what the
14	conditions of SIST are. SIST can include lots of
15	conditions. They can include curfews that if
16	Nelson D. agrees that SIST can obviously include
17	curfews
18	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Well, if it were GPS
19	monitoring
20	JUDGE RIVERA: When is it no longer SIST,
21	and when is it confinement?
22	MS. DUBECK: When it's confinement to a
23	secure treatment facility. Here, a key difference is
24	that OPWDD could move his facility without a
25	discharge order.

1 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, what are the 2 standards in which you keep him there now? Is there 3 anything under Article 10 that gives you the right to continue reviewing when he's not found to be 4 5 dangerous and it doesn't come under 10? Why wouldn't 6 you use 15, where, if this was necessary, there are 7 standards to review his continued situation? MS. DUBECK: There are standards. 8 9 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: What are the 10 standards? 11 MS. DUBECK: The standard is that he has a 12 mental abnormality. A jury found that, and that 13 finding is not contested - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So when he has a 14 15 mental abnormality without being found dangerous, you 16 can confine him? And look, I'm not questioning your 17 motives. I'm asking you what is the legal basis upon 18 which you doing that? 19 MS. DUBECK: Any sex - - - a sex offender 20 that is found to have a mental abnormality is 21 dangerous within the definition set up by the Supreme 22 Court in Kansas v. Hendricks, and Kansas v. Crane. 23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: So you can - - you 24 can take away his liberty when he's not found to be 25 dangerous, because you're saying, hey, he's dangerous

1 anyway, so we'll take away his liberty. Isn't the whole purpose of Article 10 to see whether he should 2 3 be confined - - -MS. DUBECK: All - - -4 5 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: - - - as opposed to 6 SIST? 7 MS. DUBECK: All of SIST is a curtailment of liberty. Confinement is - - -8 9 JUDGE PIGOTT: Are we talking about Section 10 10.11? 11 MS. DUBECK: 10.11 is what lays out what SIST is as an alternative. 12 13 JUDGE PIGOTT: It says that the "supervision requirements, in consultation with the 14 15 commissioner, includes electronic monitoring, global 16 positioning, satellite tracking, polygraph 17 monitoring, specification of a residence or type of a residence, prohibition of contact with identified 18 19 past potential victims, strict and intensive 20 supervision by a parole officer, and any other lawful 21 and necessary conditions that may be imposed by the 22 court." Is that the - - - is that the area we're 23 discussing? 24 MS. DUBECK: That - - - that is the area of 25 SIST.

1 JUDGE PIGOTT: So when you talk about specifications of residence or type of residence, why 2 3 wouldn't this fall within that? MS. DUBECK: This falls exactly within 4 5 that, and this is exactly what the legislature meant 6 SIST to do. It provides an alternative to confinement for a person who is dangerous enough that 7 8 a jury verdict has found they could be indefinitely 9 civilly contained under - - -10 JUDGE SMITH: Did - - - did anyone ever ask 11 the question specific - - - was any - - - was your 12 expert ever asked, doctor, what, in your opinion, is 13 likely to happen if he is not sent to - - - if he 14 sent neither to a secure facility nor to Valley 15 Ridge? 16 MS. DUBECK: The question that was asked 17 is, whether he could live safely outside of Valley 18 Ridge and our expert said no. 19 JUDGE SMITH: Well, well, there's - - -20 let's - - - yeah, I asked your adversary about a 21 hypothetical guy who's going to commit rape. Suppose 22 this guy is not going to commit rape. Maybe - - -23 maybe that's what the record shows; maybe it doesn't. 24 He - - - the - - - maybe the - - - suppose the doctor 25 says I cannot predict that he's going to commit rape

1 or any other Article 10-type sex crime. He is going 2 to continue committing the kind of gross public 3 lewdness that he commits all the time, but that's - -- yeah - - - but that's not - - - but Article 10 4 5 isn't concerned with that. If that's the fact, don't they - - - don't 6 7 they have to put him in the community and deal with -- - deal with the public lewdness in whatever other 8 9 way they want? 10 MS. DUBECK: That expert testimony would 11 directly con - - - contradict the jury's finding. A 12 jury finding of mental abnormality - - -13 JUDGE SMITH: The jury's - - - the jury's 14 find - - - that includes a propensity to commit sex 15 crimes. 16 MS. DUBECK: And an inability to control 17 oneself. JUDGE SMITH: Yeah, okay. But - - - but 18 19 suppose - - - but the - - - to get somebody in a 20 secure facility, you need a stronger finding. You 21 need a finding that there's a likelihood that he will 22 commit sex crimes. 23 MS. DUBECK: You - - - you need a finding 24 that - - - that confinement is necessary; that SIST 25 is not an alternative.

1	JUDGE SMITH: Did isn't part of the
2	definition of a dangerous sex offender likely to
3	commit sex crimes unless confined in a secure
4	facility?
5	MS. DUBECK: I think that is right.
6	JUDGE SMITH: Yeah.
7	MS. DUBECK: But
8	JUDGE SMITH: So so if suppose
9	your doctor says, I can't say he's likely to commit
10	sex crimes. I can say he's likely to commit indecent
11	exposure. But I can't say he's likely to commit sex
12	crimes. If that I understand that you would
13	dispute that that's what the record is, but if that's
14	the record, you have to you you can't
15	confine him, can you?
16	MS. DUBECK: If that's the record, he
17	couldn't have been found to have a mental
18	abnormality. If he's not like
19	JUDGE SMITH: Well, wait a minute. What's
20	wait a minute.
21	MS. DUBECK: If he
22	JUDGE SMITH: Why is the definition of
23	dangerous sex offender requiring confinement
24	different I mean you're saying that
25	everyone who has a mental abnormality is dangerous

1 enough to be confined? MS. DUBECK: Under - - - under - - -2 3 JUDGE SMITH: What's the point of having another trial? 4 5 MS. DUBECK: Under substantive due process, 6 it's true. They want - - -7 JUDGE SMITH: I'm not having due process. What about the statute? 8 9 MS. DUBECK: Under the statute, the - - -10 every - - - you must have a propensity and an 11 inability to control that propensity. That is what 12 dangerous is - - -13 JUDGE SMITH: Okay, okay, they - - - well, wait a minute. They found - - - they - - - the jury 14 15 found that he had - - - that he had a propensity and 16 difficulty in controlling it. Your expert would not 17 testify that there was a likelihood that he would commit sex crimes unless confined. Isn't that 18 19 finding also necessary? 20 MS. DUBECK: That would - - - his testimony 21 was that that wasn't true, if he was on a program of SIST that involved placement evaluation. 22 23 JUDGE SMITH: Okay, so what you're - - -24 what you're really saying, is you read his testimony 25 to say, yeah, there is a likelihood unless he's at

1 Valley Ridge. 2 MS. DUBECK: Yes, and that is what SIST 3 would - - -4 JUDGE SMITH: If he didn't say that, you 5 don't win, do you? MS. DUBECK: We already didn't win the 6 7 question of whether he gets confined to the secure 8 treatment facility. 9 JUDGE SMITH: I understand. If - - - if he 10 didn't say that, then you don't really have a basis 11 for saying he has - - - of - - - for saying he needs - - - he needs any kind of confinement, whether 12 13 colloquial confinement or technical confinement. 14 MS. DUBECK: The expert testimony from both 15 sides was that he needed strict supervision, often 16 one-on-one supervision - - -17 JUDGE SMITH: Okay, but - - - but isn't - -18 19 MS. DUBECK: - - - and that wasn't 20 available. 21 JUDGE SMITH: But isn't there ambiguity about needs it for what? Needs it to prevent him 22 23 from masturbating in public or needs it to prevent 24 him from raping people? There's a difference. 25 MS. DUBECK: Article 10 is meant to protect

1 the public, to reduce recidivism, and to provide 2 treatment. And you can't provide treatment to 3 somebody in a circumstance where they are threatening 4 other people that are in a treatment center. There 5 was no testimony that a group home - - -JUDGE SMITH: Okay, wait - - - wait a 6 7 minute. You can't lock the guy up just because he 8 needs treatment. He also has to - - - there has to 9 be a likelihood he will commit sex crimes. Do you 10 agree with me on that? 11 MS. DUBECK: To put him in a confined - - -12 to call him a dangerous sex offender requiring 13 confinement in a secure treatment facility, yes. But 14 this is not that. He was placed in a transitional 15 placement that specifically contemplated he would be 16 moved to lesser secure treatment facilities, and he 17 If he had been placed in the secure treatment was. 18 facility, OPWDD could not have moved him. 19 JUDGE SMITH: Let me ask you a more basic 20 question. Suppose for some - - - it's a ridiculous 21 supposition - - - suppose everybody admits, okay, 22 this guy's cured of raping people. He - - - he raped 23 someone once a long time ago; he's never going to do 24 it again. On that - - - at that point, you can - - -25 you cannot subject him to either SIST or confinement,

1 right? 2 MS. DUBECK: I think that's right. And he 3 has the ability to move - - - to be removed from SIST. He has that ability now and he has never used 4 5 the ability. He has never challenged - - -6 JUDGE SMITH: What about the - - - speaking 7 about being removed from SIST, what about that two-8 year restriction? That's a problem, isn't it? 9 MS. DUBECK: No - - -10 JUDGE SMITH: Suppose - - - suppose a guy 11 gets well in six months. He's got to - - - he's got 12 to stay locked up for a year and a half because the 13 statute says so? 14 MS. DUBECK: No, there are quarterly review 15 provisions that OPWDD reviews him and makes 16 appropriate placements as necessary. They could move 17 him into a group home. JUDGE SMITH: Okay, does he - - - does he 18 19 have a way - - - does he have a way to challenge 20 that, if he disagrees with them? 21 MS. DUBECK: His - - - his way of 22 challenging it is limited to two years, but his two-23 year limit has come and gone and he hasn't - - -2.4 JUDGE SMITH: Really - - - is that - - -25 can you really - - - can you really do that? Can you

1 say I'm locking you up and I'm going to review every 2 few months, and if you disagree with me, two years 3 from today you can bring a lawsuit? 4 MS. DUBECK: It - - - well, it's not the 5 Attorney General. It's the expert agencies that are 6 charged with caring for - - -7 JUDGE SMITH: Yeah - - - okay, yeah - - -8 okay. The expert - - - I - - an expert agency can 9 put me in a cell, and leave me there for as long as 10 it thinks it's necessary for me to stay, and if I - -11 - if I want to challenge that in court, I wait two 12 years? Is that constitutional? 13 MS. DUBECK: It might be. In this case, he's not in a cell; he's in a nonsecure - - -14 15 JUDGE SMITH: Is your answer really we do -16 - - yeah, why don't you bring that case, when you've 17 - - - when you've got it? 18 MS. DUBECK: That - - - that, too. Here's 19 it's not - - -20 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, is there any 21 doubt he's being confined? MS. DUBECK: Yes, he's not - - -22 23 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: You're - - I 24 understand that you're - - - you're trying to confine 25 him for his own good. I get that. I don't get how

1 you're able to do it and say, well, we couldn't get 2 dangerous, but we're going to confine you anyway. So 3 if you win, you confine him, and if you lose, you 4 confine him, and when there are other provisions that 5 would allow you to involuntarily deal with him, not Article 10. 6 7 MS. DUBECK: Because this court in Myron P. already recognized that the determination of whether 8 9 someone needs confinement is inextricably tied to 10 what SIST would look like. It depends what's 11 available, what structure, what treatment is available on the SIST. 12 13 JUDGE PIGOTT: You - - -14 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: But you can't make 15 this up as you go along. There's got to be 16 standards. 17 MS. DUBECK: And - - -CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: There's got to be a 18 19 legal basis to do it, other then - - - and I 20 understand it, that you're trying to do what you 21 think is good for him. 22 MS. DUBECK: But the evidence presented 23 here was that the only way he could avoid confinement 24 was if this SIST option was on the table. If this 25 court takes this SIST option off the table, the case

has to be remanded for a redetermination of whether 1 SIST remains a viable option. 2 3 JUDGE PIGOTT: You said - - - you said - -4 - you were asked if Valley Ridge is a secure 5 facility, and you said no. Or maybe your answer was 6 an insecure facility - - - a nonsecure facility, and 7 you said yes. What's Valley Ridge? I don't have a 8 clue. 9 MS. DUBECK: Valley Ridge is a - - - a more 10 secure facility for mentally ill people. It is not a 11 segregated facility like Article - - - Article 10 12 requires of a secure treatment facility. He is not 13 even in Valley Ridge anymore. He spent less than five months there before he was transitioned to the 14 15 Broome Developmental Facility, which is not a secure 16 facility. Patients can come and go from Broome - - -17 JUDGE PIGOTT: But if - - - if we were 18 talking about Valley Ridge, he's - - - he's in there 19 with other residents who are not sexual predators? 20 Who are not SIST? 21 MS. DUBECK: Correct, who are not 22 necessarily SIST people, because - - - and that's 23 another way you know that he hasn't been confined to 24 a secure treatment facility, because 10.10 says that 25 a secure treatment facility must segregate sex

offenders from all other patients.

2 JUDGE RIVERA: But, counsel, what - - -3 unless I'm misunderstanding your adversary, her 4 argument is that this is not SIST. The placement is 5 not SIST, and that you're basically trying to do an Article 15 placement through Article 10 and that's 6 7 not what the law provides for. Why can't you just do 8 the Article 15? If you will - - - you did not carry 9 your burden in the dispositional hearing to convince 10 the court to do the confinement. 11 MS. DUBECK: But - - - but we did carry our 12 burden to - - - to convince the court that he had a 13 mental abnormality and required - - - the jury already said SIST. 14 15 JUDGE RIVERA: No, the jury already found the mental abnormality. That wasn't the burden at 16 17 the - - - at the dispositional hearing. MS. DUBECK: But that is all of what is up 18 19 on appeal - - - that is the order. It is - - -20 Article 10 is the order - - - the mental abnormality 21 order followed by a dispositional order. We didn't 22 convince the court that he was dangerous and needing 23 confinement to a secure treatment facility, but we did convince the court that what he needed was this 24 25 version of SIST.

CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Okay, counsel. 1 Thank 2 you, counsel. Appreciate it. 3 Counsel, rebuttal? MS. TEMKIN: In - - - to answer your 4 5 question about what kind of facility Valley Ridge is, 6 on page 304 of the record, the AG is - - - is saying 7 "It's considered a secure facility. I have the pamphlet there. It does state it's secure. It's a 8 9 secure treatment center. It's a secure Article 15" -10 - - it's doesn't say that it's a secure Article 15 -11 JUDGE PIGOTT: Yeah, but if - - -12 13 MS. TEMKIN: - - - it's not a secure Article 10. 14 15 JUDGE GRAFFEO: If he's not there anymore, 16 what are - - - what are you asking us to do? 17 MS. TEMKIN: Well, he's - - - he's in 18 Broome Developmental Center, which is also an 19 inpatient facility. In the briefs I cite Daniel 00 20 and Sidney JJ. It's the same Article 15 standard for 21 confinement. He's still involuntary confined and - -22 23 JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: Counsel, your position 24 is - - -25 MS. TEMKIN: - - - and - - -

1	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: this has
2	SIST has to be outpatient treatment. Is that right?
3	MS. TEMKIN: Yes.
4	JUDGE ABDUS-SALAAM: So anything short of
5	something outpatient is not SIST.
6	MS. TEMKIN: It's not SIST. It could be
7	confinement under Article 9 or under Article 15 or it
8	could be
9	JUDGE PIGOTT: What what does
10	what does 10.11 mean, when when it says
11	"specification of residence or type of residence"?
12	MS. TEMKIN: It means any place where
13	that is lawful, because it also requires
14	JUDGE PIGOTT: Of course, it means lawful.
15	MS. TEMKIN: Well, no, it says it in the
16	statute, lawful.
17	JUDGE PIGOTT: Most statutes require lawful
18	conduct.
19	MS. TEMKIN: Right. That's true.
20	JUDGE PIGOTT: I'm just I'm just
21	asking you what did what in your opinion does
22	it mean when it says that the court "in consultation
23	with the commissioner, shall, among other things,
24	specify a residence or type of residence"?
25	MS. TEMKIN: It it could mean an IRA

which was what was before the court here, because 1 he's mentally retarded and he needs a high level of 2 3 structure. That's what the evidence was here. 4 JUDGE PIGOTT: And IRA being? 5 MS. TEMKIN: An individualized residential 6 alternative, which - - -7 JUDGE PIGOTT: So they - - - they could put him in a residence? 8 9 MS. TEMKIN: It's - - - it's in OPWDD - - -10 it's in the community, but it's OPWDD-managed. 11 JUDGE PIGOTT: But they can put him in it? The court can? 12 13 MS. TEMKIN: They can - - they can require him to live there. 14 15 JUDGE SMITH: And but he - - -JUDGE PIGOTT: All right. So what's your 16 17 argument? 18 MS. TEMKIN: That's in the community, but 19 that's not involuntary commitment. 20 JUDGE SMITH: But how do you know it's in 21 the community, because - - - I mean, is - - - they 22 can require him to go there, but the doors aren't locked, is that it? 23 24 MS. TEMKIN: I don't know if the doors are 25 locked, but they have alarms, so - - -

JUDGE SMITH: Well, what's - - - well, why 1 - - - in what sense is he not confined in the IRA 2 3 that he is confined in - - -MS. TEMKIN: Well, no, he doesn't have to 4 5 stay there. He's allowed out. He would abide by the rules of that residence. The same way there are 6 7 people - - - on one - - -JUDGE SMITH: But what if you're concerned 8 9 that if you allow him out, he's not going to come 10 back? 11 MS. TEMKIN: Well, that's up to the residence. And maybe if he's in that residence and 12 13 they're concerned that he's not going to come back, they would ask for Article 15 confinement. 14 15 JUDGE SMITH: Well, what - - - I don't - -16 - the Chief keep talking about policy reason. What's 17 the policy that says if you don't - - - if you don't 18 trust the guy to come back, why can't the court 19 exercise its judgment to say Valley Ridge is a better 20 place for him then the IRA? 21 MS. TEMKIN: Because there has to be a 22 substantive standard to commit somebody to Valley 23 Ridge. 2.4 JUDGE PIGOTT: What's the difference 25 between this and so many times when - - - when there

1	are there are criminals who are sentenced, and
2	they say, well, please send me to boot camp, or, you
3	know, one of these other facilities. And the judge
4	says no; I think you're going where I think you ought
5	to go.
6	MS. TEMKIN: Well, that would
7	JUDGE PIGOTT: As opposed to this, where
8	you want to say he is Article 15 sick; he's not
9	Article 10 sick. And therefore you got you
10	don't the option of using Article 10. You've got to
11	go use Article 15.
12	MS. TEMKIN: Well, they used Article 10.
13	There's only one option for confinement under Article
14	10 and he was find (sic) not to need it. You need a
15	substantive standard
16	JUDGE PIGOTT: That's your argument, I mean
17	
18	MS. TEMKIN: Right.
19	JUDGE PIGOTT: what I'm getting at is
20	you want to say, well, there's Article 9; there's
21	Article 15. There's a lot of stuff under the Mental
22	Hygiene Law. All true. But we put, unfortunately,
23	people in need of a lot of treatment in jail. And
24	you could come in here and make the argument, well,
25	they just sentenced him twenty-five years to life for

1 that murder, and the man is crazy, and they shouldn't be putting him in jail. They ought to be putting him 2 3 in an Article 15 facility. 4 Well, that's not the proceeding we're in. 5 And in the proceeding we're in, it says that they can designate a facility, and you want to say, well, you 6 7 can't pick any facility; you got to pick a facility that fits under Article 15. 8 9 MS. TEMKIN: Well, it doesn't say 10 designated facility. A facility would be an 11 institution. It says a residence. 12 JUDGE PIGOTT: What am I reading? 13 Specification of residence or type of residence. Right. And that can't be some 14 MS. TEMKIN: 15 - - - and that can't be a residence or an institution that has a substantive standard of commitment. 16 17 CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Counsel, one - - one final question, as far as I'm concerned. Is this 18 19 - - - your adversary keeps saying this is a form of 20 SIST. Do you believe this is a form of SIST? 21 MS. TEMKIN: No, because it's not lawful, 22 because it bypasses any kind of commitment statute. 23 And the facility that he's in has a commitment 24 standard with procedures. He has - - - he's not 25 committed under Article 15 or Article 10. He's not

1	committed under any statute.
2	CHIEF JUDGE LIPPMAN: Thanks, counsel.
3	Thank you both. Appreciate it.
4	(Court is adjourned)
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4	I, Karen Schiffmiller, certify that the
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